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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/433,204	11/04/1999	ROBERT ALAN HAMM	12-14-9-7-5	2245

08/04/2003

DOCKET ADMINISTRATOR RM 3C 512 LUCENT TECHNOLOGIES INC 600 MOUNTAIN AVENUE P O BOX 636 MURRAY HILL, NJ 079740636

EXAMINER	
DANG, TRUNG Q	

ART UNIT

2823

PAPER NUMBER

DATE MAILED: 08/04/2003

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		n am					
	Application No.	plicant(s)					
,	09/433,204	HAMM ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examin r	Art Unit					
	Trung Dang	2823					
Th MAILING DATE of this communication apportant Period for Reply	Th MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover she twith the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on RCE	filed 6/25/03 .						
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ This	s action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) 16-30 is/are pending in the application	n.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	n from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6) Claim(s) 16-21,24,26 and 29 is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) <u>22,23,25,27,28 and 30</u> is/are objected	to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner							
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accep	ted or b)⊡ objected to by the Exa	miner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the							
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on	is: a)☐ approved b)☐ disappr	oved by the Examiner.					
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.							
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	aminer.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
 Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).					
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.							
Attachment(s)							
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal	y (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)					

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1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless - (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

The rejection is maintained as of record and is repeated herein.

Claims 16, 17, and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Yamahata (JP 08-203435 with English translation provided).

The reference teaches every positive step of the claimed invention in that it discloses a method of fabricating a semiconductor device comprising the steps of forming at least one conductive post 8' overlying the semiconductor region, said conductive post is formed by a lift-off method and comprises at least one of Pt, Au, and Ti (Fig. 5 and paragraphs [0031], [0032]); encapsulating said conductive post by spin coating benzocyclobutene (BCB) and thereafter curing said BCB at 250 "C to form a planarized cured passivation layer 10 (fig. 6 and paragraph [0033]); and etching the BCB layer 10 to expose conductive post 8' (fig. 10).

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S. C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 18 is rejected under 35 U. S. C. 103 (a) as being unpatentable over Yamahata as above and further in view of Costas et al. (U. S. Pat. No. 6,137,125).

The rejection is maintained as of record and is repeated herein.

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Yamahata teaches the claimed invention as noted above except for the claimed limitations concerning curing the BC13 layer in nitrogen atmosphere in 1-30 minutes. Costas teaches that curing BCB in a nitrogen atmosphere is commonly known in the art (col. 4, line 47). Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to curing the BCB layer 10 in Yamahata in nitrogen atmosphere as suggested by Costas because such process is well known in the art, and the application of an old process to make the same would have been within the level of an artisan, absent any showing of criticality by applicant. As for the duration of which the BCB is cured, it is well settle that, absent a showing of criticality by applicant, the determination of the claimed curing duration would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art since it has been held that, where the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, it is not inventive to discover the optimum or workable range by routine experimentation. In re Boesch, 617 F 2d 272, 205 USPQ 215 (CCPA 1980); In re Sola 25 USPQ 433 (CCPA); In re Waite 77 USPQ 586 (CCPA).

3. Claim 20 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yamahata as above and further in view of Kasuya (JP 08-017798 with English translation provided).

The rejection is maintained as of record and is repeated herein.

Yamahata teaches the claimed invention as noted above, differs from the claimed in not disclosing the chemistry of which the BCB layer 10 is etched as recited in the claim. However, Kasuya teaches reactive ion etching (RIE) of BCB using either CF4/02 mixture (CF4:02 ratio is 2:3) or SF6/02 mixture (SF6:02 ratio is 2:3). See Fig. 10, paragraph [0014], and abstract. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to etch the BCB layer 10 in Yamahata by RIE using CF4/02 mixture or SF6/02 mixture with the aforementioned gas ratio as suggested by Costas because such process is well known in the art, and the application of an old process to make the same would have been within the level of an artisan, absent any showing of criticality by applicant.

4. Claims 21, 24, 26, and 29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Lin (U.S. Pat. No. 5,801,093).

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The reference teaches every positive step of the invention as claimed in that it discloses a method for fabricating a MOSFET device comprising the steps of: forming at least two conductive pillars 12 (i.e. conductive posts) of about the same height overlying a semiconductor region to form a structure (Fig. 4 and related text); encapsulating the structure and least one of the at least two conductive posts by forming a composite dielectric layer including a planarized cured passivation SOG layer 14 (Fig. 5 and col. 4, lines 24-31); and exposing the at least one of the two conductive posts through the planarized cured passivation layer to form the semiconductor device.

- 5. Claims 22, 23, 25, 27, 28, and 30 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.
- 6. Applicant's arguments filed 6-25-2003 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

With respect to all rejected claims, applicants primarily argue that the primary reference to Yamahata neither teaches nor discloses the limitation "forming a conductive post" as recited in independent claim 16.

The Examiner respectfully disagrees for the following reasons:

It is well settle that during examination, the claims must be interpreted as broadly as their terms reasonably allow. This means that the words of the claim must be given their plain meaning unless applicant has provided a clear definition in the specification. In re Zletz, 893 F.2d 319, 321, 13 USPQ2d 1320, 1322 (Fed. Cir. 1989); MSM Investments Co. v. Carolwood Corp., 259 F.3d 1335, 1339-40, 59 USPQ2d 1856, 1859-60 (Fed. Cir. 2001).

As pointed out in the rejection, conductive layer 8' of the reference is considered as the claimed conductive post, absent a clear definition of the term "post" in the specification. The limitation "conductive post" is therefore given a plain meaning as a piece of metal set upright. The conductive layer 8' of the reference meets that standard, hence reads on the claimed limitation

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"conductive post". Because the specification fails to provide a clear definition of the limitation "conductive post", a filling of an affidavit under C.F.R. \S 1.132 would not be acceptable in this case.

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Trung Dang whose telephone number is (703) 308-2548. The examiner can normally be reached on weekdays from 9:00 AM to 5:30 PM. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Olik Chaudhuri, can be reached on (703) 306-2794. The fax phone number for this Group is (703) 305-3432 or (703) 308-7725.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0956.

Trung Dang
Primary Examiner

Nuny Dang